Date:

Solubility Worksheet - concepts, separating ions

- 1. Decide whether each of the following are electrolytes or not (yes or no) when dissolved in water. (5 marks)
 - a. AgNO₃

b. CH₃CH₂COOH

c. CH₃CH₂OH

d. $Ba(OH)_2$

- e. NH₄Cl
- 2. Calcium fluoride has a solubility of 6.87 grams/L at a certain temperature. Express this solubility in moles per litre. (1 wwwk)

- 3. You dissolve 3.20×10^{-2} moles of Fe(NO₃)₃ into water to make 2.00 L of solution. (1 mark)
 - a. Write the dissociation equation.
 - b. Determine the $[Fe^{3+}]$ and $[NO_3^-]$

4. 67.0 mL of 0.25 M BaCl₂ is mixed with 25.0 mL of 0.30 M NaCl. Determine the final [Cl⁻] in the new mixture. (z wwwks)

5. Write the net ionic equation(s) for the reaction(s) when equal volumes of 0.20 M Sr(OH)₂ and 0.20 M Fe₂(SO₄)₃ are mixed. (1 mw/k)

BLK:

- 6. A 1.0 M solution of sodium sulphide is added to a 1.0 M solution of copper(II) chloride resulting in the formation of a precipitate. (4 www.s)
 - a. Identify the precipitate.
 - b. Write the complete ionic equation for the reaction.
 - c. Write the net ionic equation.
 - d. Identify all spectator ions.
- 7. A solution which contains only one of the following anions: SO_4^{2-} , S^{2-} , or OH⁻ is tested with various reagents and the following results are obtained:

Reagent	Results
0.2M Be(NO ₃) ₂	no precipitate
0.2M Mg(NO ₃) ₂	no precipitate
0.2M Sr(NO ₃) ₂	precipitate

Which anion does the solution contain? _____ (1 mark)

8. A solution contains SO_4^{2-} and Cl⁻. Outline an experimental procedure to remove each individually from the solution, and identify the reagents used in the procedure. (*z* waves)